1 PETER 4:15-16

15 But let none of you suffer as a murderer or a thief or an evildoer or as a meddler. 16 Yet if anyone suffers as a Christian, let him not be ashamed, but let him glorify God in that name.

THEY CALLED THEM

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 Words matter! Even in an age where many in society say it doesn't make a difference what we call something, or how we define something (marriage, man, woman, etc.), clearly words still matter. I don't think it's just the word-nerd in me, since every hobby, profession, or community has words and names imbued with special meaning.

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- So it is with God's people. The biblical words that are used to describe us all have special meanings and highlight various aspects of our

LET'S START WITH THE OBVIOUS ONE -CHRISTIAN Acts 11:26, Acts 26:28, 1 Peter 4:16 • All three examples indicate the term was used derisively. While it has certainly changed meaning over the centuries, it shouldn't be overlooked that the early followers of the Lord bore a NAME that was held in low regard! See also Matthew 10:22, Acts 4:17-18, 5:40, 26:9.

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- Contrast this fact with the way the name of Jesus Christ should be viewed – Acts 4:8-12, Philippians 2:9-10, Ephesians 1:21.
- We bear the name of Jesus Christ because we have been adopted into God's spiritual family through Him. There is salvation in no other name. There is no accolade, no connection, no title, no inheritance, that brings an eternal reward with it – but also, in this life, reproach from those

BROTHERS AND SISTERS

• Because we share the name of the Lord as adopted children in God's family (Galatians 4:1-7, Romans 8:14-17, 1 John 3:1), that means we are brothers and sisters. In Acts 18:27, for example, some translations use the term "brethren" (KJV, NASB), while more modern translations use "brothers" (ESV) or "brothers and sisters" (NIV).

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- This kind of love is easier said than done (1 John 3:13-18). We need to be reminded to "let love of the brethren continue" (Hebrews 13:1). Be Gaius, not Diotrephes (3 John).

• "A disciple is not greater than his teacher, but everyone when fully trained will be like his teacher" (Luke 6:40). Jesus formed the picture of discipleship in His own example (John 13:1-17). His followers were frequently called "disciples", not as a name or title but as a description of their lifestyle.

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- Discipleship is total submission to Christ. It means we don't keep anything back (Luke 9:23, 14:27, 14:33) and we have aligned our will with His.
- A disciple has moved past ignorance, has grown in knowledge, has put that knowledge to good use, and has eagerly sought to fulfill the Great Commission – to make more disciples (Matthew 28:19: This is just what Paul told Timothy to do in 2 Timothy 2:1-10. SCIPLES

SOME OTHER TERMS

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- Follower of "The Way" Acts (9:2, 19:9, 19:23, 22:4, 24:14, 24:22) employs this powerful description of the church, an obvious connection to John 14:6. Paul calls himself a "follower of the Way" in Acts 24:14.

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- "Believer" 2 Corinthians 6:15 is one example where the term is used

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- Don't be fooled by other names (1 Corinthians 1:10ff). It doesn't make a difference who your "connections" are on the judgment day; name-dropping doesn't impress God.
- Let's help each other not to become "false brethren" We are not enemies. We are family members, fellow disciples, sharers in Jesus' name. So take it to heart when the apostles talk about "false brethren" in the NT (2 Peter 2:1-3). WE are